### PHÒNG GD – ĐT GIA LÂM TRƯỜNG THCS PHÚ THỊ

#### ĐỀ CƯƠNG ÔN TẬP CUỐI HỌC KỲ II Môn: Tiếng Anh - Khối: 9 Năm học: 2023 - 2024

## NÔI DUNG ĐỀ CƯƠNG ÔN THI CUỐI KỲ II

#### I. VOCABULARY:

- Topic: Unit 7,8,9,10,11,12 - Relative pronouns

- Compound nouns - Articles

- Connectors

II. GRAMMAR:

- Conditional sentence: type 1, 2, 3 - Passive form

- Relative clauses - Reported speech - Tenses - Wish sentence - Structures - Future passive Period 100: REVIEW 1

\* Brainstorming: Tenses

Tenses	Keywords of time
Present simple- Future simple	If1/ As soon as/ before/ after/ until
Past simple – Past perfect	By the time/ before/ when// after
Present perfect – Past simple	Since
Past simple – Would V	If 2

#### I. PRONUNCIATION

1.A. pronunciation	B. suggestion	C. intonation	D. avia <u>tion</u>
2.A. vision	B. occasion	C. leisure	D. <u>s</u> ugar
3.A. practice	B. accent	C. <u>a</u> ptitude	D. career
4.A. machine	B. conclusion	C. exposure	D. division
5.A. voc <u>a</u> bulary	B. gr <u>a</u> mmar	C. enl <u>a</u> rge	D. challenge
6. A. thermal	B. <u>th</u> ankful	C. <u>th</u> ere	D. <u>th</u> orough
7. A. physical	B. vi <u>s</u> ual	C. music	D. becau <u>s</u> e
8. A. invent	B. debris	C. helpless	D. n <u>e</u> ws
9. A. provide	B. product	C. profess	D. pr <u>o</u> duce
10. A. l <u>i</u> t	B. sight	C. f <u>i</u> ne	D. m <u>i</u> ne
11. A. arrived	B. believ <u>ed</u>	C. received	D. hop <u>ed</u>
12. A. nak <u>ed</u>	B. knock <u>ed</u>	C. play <u>ed</u>	D. occurred
13. A. date <u>s</u>	B. bags	C. photograph <u>s</u>	D. speak <u>s</u>
14. A. parents	B. brothers	C. weekends	D. feelings
15. A. chor <u>es</u>	B. dish <u>es</u>	C. hous <u>es</u>	D. coaches
II. STRESS			

1.A. autnorsnip	B. historic	C. discover	D. biography
2.A. activity	B. schedule	C. diameter	D. blessing
3.A. beautiful B.	effective	C. favourite	D. popular
			<b>-</b> .

4.A. positive B. survival C. meteotite D. union 5.A. dangerous B. understand C. engineer D. magazine 6. A. scientist B. dramatic C. athletic D. domestic 7.A. national B. chemical C. medical D. informal

8.A. linguistic B. university C. phonetic D. ability

9.A. property B. different C. regular D. achieving 10.A. engineer B. volunteer C. mountaineer D. reindeer

11 A analogy D analogy	C audialas- D		
	C. audiology D. g		
12.A. ecology B. environment			
13.A. Maltese B. festive	C. degree	D. unique	bla
	y C. development		bie
15.A. prepare B. repeat III. RELATIVE CLAUSES	C. purpose	D. open	
1. This is the girl whom/ that/ which	ch comes from Spain		
2. The girl, whom/ whose/ who fat	•		a dancer
3. That's Peter, the boy <i>that/whos</i>	-		
4. I talked to the girl <i>whom/whose</i>	=	_	
5. The children, <i>who/whom/that</i> :			_
6. My uncle, whose/that/which n	•		
7. Mr Richards, which/who/that is	•		
8. We often visit our aunt in Norw	, ,	U	anglia.
9. Thank you very much for your e			_
10. What did you do with the money		•	•
11. Sunday is the day when/where/		•	•
12. Do you know the reason <i>when</i> /	•		
13. The boy to whom/ who/which I	·		
14. I cannot tell you all, which/ that			
15. This is the place which/in wher		ook place ten ye	ears ago.
IV. CONDITIONAL SENTENCE	S	-	•
1.If it convenient, let's go out	for a drink tonight.		
a. be b. is	c. was		d. were
2.If you time, please write to	me.		
a. have b. had	c. have	e had	d. has
3.I wouldn't go there at night if I	you.		
a. am b. was c. be	d. were	e	
4.If I get a pole, I'll go fishing	•		
a. can b. could	d c. may		d. might
5.If they had enough time, they	head south.		
a. will b. can	c. mus	t	d. might
6.If you had the chance, you	go fishing?		
a. did b. may	c. wou	ld	d. do
7.If you a choice, which coun			
a. have b. had	c. have		d. will have
8.If I had known you were in hospit	•		
•	ld go c. wen	t	d. would have gone
9.If I, I would have said hell			
a. had seen b. saw	c. see		d. would see
10.If there the rice fields cou	-		
a. had been enough water		e enough water	
c. would be enough water	d. are	enough water	
	Period 101: REV	IEW 2	
I. Brainstorming: Connectors			
II. PRACTICE	<b></b>		
Choose the best answer (A, B, C o		•	
1. My mother, greates	st interest is to watch	sitcom movies,	can stay up very late for her
favorite movies.			

A. who B. who m	C. whose	D. t	hat	
2. I didn't unders	tand the reason	you behav	ed so strangely at	the party last night.
			vhat	
3. Thanks for this	s interesting book,	is bilingua	ıl, I can understan	d much more about
	and improve my Engli			
	C. who			
	_ to the countryside la			
	B. a two-d		C two-day trip 1	D two-days trip
	the accident,?	ajs trip	c. two day trip	s. two days trip
Δ didn't they	B. did he		C didn't he	D did they
	apher who has drawn			D. did they
	•			inanirationally
	B. inspirati			. mspirationarry
	s bad, we			
	B. but			
8. After an hour tra	avelling by plane, we	Hu	e.	
	B. reached	C. got	D. car	ne
9. They enjoy				
	B. to watch			tches
	this word before. Use			
A. look it at	B. look it after	C. look it over		D. look it up
11. Everyone is pr	esent here,	?		
A. isn't he	B. isn't she	C. are they		D. aren't they
	anging the decoration			
	B. because			
				grandparents because the
are very old.	•			
•	B. took care	C. set up	D. took	cover
	has gone bankrupt. De			
	B. look after it			าเมา
				e. They can't this
• •	hey have to find other		101 011011 00111 111	
	B. live on		D set	ıın
-	been living s <sub>1</sub>			up .
	at C. on		ce months.	
	a word in a dict		n't know what it i	maane
	for C. up		ii t Kiiow wiiat it i	incans.
	tion was nott			
			easting as D	more interesting
	B. so interesting that		esting as D	. more interesting
	veloping.		- C44	
	as fast as C. fast		e rastest	
	now whether I			
	came C. will co			
•	they had been driving	-		
_	y B. yesterday C.	=		<b>/</b>
	ne why the film		ious night.	
	n B. hadn't s			
	ch D. she had	ln't watched		
23 . He advised the	em in class.			
A. to not talk B.	not to talk C. to talk i	not D. don't tall	ζ	
24. The English m	en are not used	_on the right ha	nd side of the stre	eet.

A. to drive	B. to driving	C. for driving	D. drive
25 . She a tec	ldy bear, but she doesn	n't have one now.	
A. used to have	B. used to having:	C. was use to having	D. was used to have
26. Minh wishes he _	English perfec	ctly well.	
A. spoke B. spe	aks C. is speaking	g D. has spoker	ı
27 . It that lea	arning English is easy.		
		said D. says	
28 that the	temple was built on th	e current site of Thien T	Fru in the 15 <sup>th</sup> century.
		C. They thought	
29. He was said	_ this building.		G
		C. to design D.	designed
	_	atre instead of staying a	_
	going C. wen		
=		_	to Son Doong every day.
	limit C. lim		2 , ,
=		eans of transport in Ha	Noi.
	been C. had been		
		or freedom before the co	ountry became totally
independent.	decades of fighting it		summy securic tetany
1	B have experienced	C. will experience	D had experienced
	sy to the sub		D. Had experienced
	ng C. gets		
	big house in		
		C. the/ the	D the/a
A o/o	P a / the	k and then go to work in C. the/ the	D v/tho
		C. the/ the	D. x/ the
39. I enjoy a A. be	B. being	C. to be	D. to have been
	_		D. to have been
	to the party?		D to have some
			D. to have come
	such a long way t		valad D tuovalina
A. to travel		C. to have trav	reled D. traveling
42. Please remember		D ( 1 ) 1	
	B. post C. posting		1. 11.1 (* 1 * 1
			d to call the fire-brigade.
		put D. to have put	
= = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =	ow accustomed to		
A. work	B. to work C. wo	_	
•	watch the Discoverie		
A. Over the m		B. Out of this	
C. Once in a b		D. The sky's t	
		ir school the day before	
A. visits	B. visited		D. had visited
		e before the Russian spa	ice dog Laik
the first a	nimal to orbit Earth.		
A. were launc	hed – became	B. were launch	ned – had become
C. had launch		D. had been la	
48. This reading pass	age is about an astrona	auttraveled in	to space in 1961.
A. whoB. whom	C. that	D. both A & C	
49 Computers offer a	much greater degree	of in the	way work can be organised

	B. flexibility			exible
50. She spoke English	n with a(n)	that I couldn't und	erstand.	
A. accent	B. stress	C. intonation	on	D. tone
51. Louis is virtually	bilingual	_ Dutch and German.		
A. on	B. in	C. for		D. with
52. She	_ up some Spanish wh	en she was living in M	lexico.	
A. took	B. looked	C. picked		D. learnt
53. Teachers provide	a model for children to	)		
A. allow	B. behave	C. change		D. imitate
54. Peter can just abo	ut geti	n German.		
A. up	B. down	C. out		D. by
	ersation in Italian, but 1			
	B. lot			D. too
56. Is English a(n)	language	in your country?		
A. mother	B. official	C. living		D. old
57. They have learne	d English	I was eight years	s old.	
A. since	B. to	C. for	D. from	
58. A: "I have passed	l my final exam." B: "	,,,		
A. That is a good ide	a. B. It's	nice of you to say so.		
C. Congratulation	D. Goo	od luck		
	I liked was			
	B. which		D. where	
	an IELTS certificate,			
	B. getting			
61"What does you	r father do?" -"He's _	engineer	î <b>.</b>	
A. a	B. the	C. an	D. x	
62. The man	son won the co	mpetition is my Englis	sh teacher.	
A. who	B. which	C. whom	D. whose	
	to the office with			
A. went	B. go	C. to go	D. to going	
64. Malaysia is divid	edtwo reg	gions.		
A. to	B. on	C. in	D. into	
65. According to the	weather		onight.	
	B. forecaster		D. forecasting	
66. We saw the man	and his dog	were going to tl	ne market.	
A. which	B. that	C. who		
67. Kangaroos,	come from Aus	stralia, have long tails.		
A. which	B. where	C. when	D. who	)
68. I had so	coffee that I almost	t couldn't sleep last nig	ght.	
	B. more	C. much		
69. There hasn't been	n rain in this	area since last month.		
A. some	B. several	C. no	D. any	
70 rice is	s grown in the Mekong	g Delta in Viet Nam.	- -	
A. Many of	-	C. A great deal of	D. Sev	eral of
	Perio	d 102: REVIEW 3		

#### I. CORECTION

- 1. If I went to Thailand, I  $\underline{\text{would tried}}$  to  $\underline{\text{pick up}}$  a  $\underline{\text{bit of}}$  Thai because I  $\underline{\text{like}}$  Thai language.
- 2. <u>Do you remember</u> the year <u>which</u> you started <u>learning</u> the first English course <u>at</u> the British Council?

3. The book shop, which I bought my best dictionary is close to the post office and opposite the Military bank. 4. She and her dog who are both making a lot of noise in front of the hotel check-in counter really make people annoyed. 5. Mr. Minh used to driving to work, but now he takes the bus. 6. She wishes her parents will come here tomorrow. 7. I will come and stay with you and your family on March. 8. They are having their house being painted by a construction company. 9. He never goes to school late, doesn't he? He always leaves for school early. 10. The picture was painting by Michael last year. 11. I often look into new words in the dictionary when I don't know their meanings. 12. If Maria guessed the meaning of that word, she will get a good point. 13. Despite of having a lot of difficulties, she managed to buy a new house. 14. Unless he doesn't immediately, I won't call a policeman. 15. If you write the essay careful, you will get good mark. II. SOCIAL COMMUNICATION 1. Mary: "Why don't we go to the cinema?" - Jane: " A. Will you join us? B. Yes, lets! C. I'd like it D. What play is it? 2: "I got 8.0/9.0 for the IELTS test!" "." A. Good for you. Thank you B. It's OK. I'm proud of you D. Well done, son! I'm very proud of you. C. You can do it 3: " ." "I have a terrible headache." A. What's the problem to you? B. What's the matter with you? C. What happens with you? D. What causes you? 4. Sally: "What about collecting used paper every day?" ~ Jenny: " \_\_\_\_\_\_" B. Well done. A. Yes, you must. C. That's a good idea. D. Thanks, it's nice of you. 5. Peter: "Would you like some more tea?" ~ John: " A. Yes, give me some B. Yes, you would C. No, I won't D. No, please "-"It's nice of you to say so!" 6. " A. We have no other choices. 
B. What you did was inexcusable. C. I'd like to stop you doing so. D. That's a great achievement you've made! 7. Phil: "I'd like to become a tour guide. What do you think I should do?" - Leonie: " A. Shall we have a package tour this summer? B. Yes, a tour guide is a good job! C. I don't agree with you. D. I think you should practice spoken English. 8. Susan: "Can you do the cooking today?" - Bill: "\_\_\_\_." A. No, thank you B. Oh, all right C. Yes, please D. I know that 9.- "May I go out for just a while?" - " A. It's a nice day! B. That's great! C. Go ahead! D. Yes, you could! 10. Mai: "Do you want another serving of chicken soup? "Scott: "\_\_\_\_." B. No comment A. No way C. No, thanks D. No longer 11. Jack: "What's wrong with you?" Jill: "." A. Thank you very much B. I'm having a slight headache C. No, I don't care D. Yes, I was tired yesterday. 12. Sarah: "Oh my God, I've missed my bus." Christ: " . Another will come here in ten minutes." A. I hope so B. Don't mention it C . Don't worry D. Thank you

13. Mai: "What are you going to do this weekend, Lan?" - Lan: "....."

A. I don't feel like going out.	B. What a great idea!	
C. I haven't planned yet.	D. I went to the beach with my dad	
14 "May I have something to d	rink, please?" - ""	
A. Yes, of course. Help yours	elf. B. Of course you may.	
C. Why do you have to ask?	D. You must help others too.	
15. Lora: "Do you mind if I turn of	on the fan?" Maria: ""	
A. Not for me B. Not at all	C. Never mind D. Not enough	
16.: Ann: "Do you need any help"	?" Kate: ""	
	B. No, thanks. I can manage	
C. I haven't got a clue	D. That's all for now.	
17. Mary: "Thanks a lot for your	help." John: ""	
A. My excitement B. My deli	ght C. My happiness D. My pleasure	
18. A: "Are you hungry?" – B: "_		
A. Yes, I do B. Soon	C. Right now D. Yes, a little	
19. Mary: "That's a very nice skir	rt you're wearing."- Julia: ""	
A. That's nice B. I like		
C. That's all right D. I'm g	glad you like it	
20. John: "I've passed my final ex	xam."- Tom: ""	
A. Good luck.	B. It's nice of you to say so.	
C. That's a good idea.	D. Congratulation!	
	PERIOD 103: REVISION 4	
* Brainstorming: Relative pron	ouns	

#### I. WRITING

#### 1. Study harder or you will fail the exam.

- A. If you study harder or you will fail the exam.
- B. If you study harder, you will not fail the exam.
- C. Unless you don't study harder, you will fail the exam.
- C. If you didn't study harder, you will fail the exam.

#### 2. Although she had a lot of difficulties, she managed to buy the house.

- A. Despite had a lot of difficulties, she managed to buy the house.
- B. Despite having a lot of difficulties, she managed to buy the house.
- C. In spite having a lot of difficulties, she managed to buy the house.
- D. In spite of have a lot of difficulties, she managed to buy the house.

#### 3. The workers will build a new bridge next year.

- A. A new bridge will build by the workers next year.
- B. A new bridge will be built by the workers next year.
- C. A new bridge will be built next year by the workers.
- D. A new bridge will build next year by the workers.

#### 4. Many tourists visit Ha Noi. Ha Noi is the capital of Viet Nam.

- A. Many tourists visit Ha Noi which Ha Noi is the capital of Viet Nam.
- B. Many tourists visit Ha Noi which is the capital of Viet Nam.
- C. Many tourists visit Ha Noi, which is the capital of Viet Nam.
- D. Many tourists visit Ha Noi, that is the capital of Viet Nam.

#### 5. If you don't rest yourself, you really will be ill.

- A. Unless you do rest yourself, you really will be ill.
- B. Unless you rest yourself, you really won't be ill.
- C. Unless you don't rest yourself, you really will be ill.
- D. Unless you rest yourself, you really will be ill.

#### 6. "Tsunami" is a Japanese word. This word means "harbor wave".

A. "Tsunami" is a Japanese word which it means "harbor wave".

- B. "Tsunami" is a Japanese word it means "harbor wave".
- C. "Tsunami" is a Japanese word which means "harbor wave".
- D. "Tsunami" means "harbor wave" is a Japanese word.

#### 7. He said to me "I can't do this test".

- A. He told to me that I can't do that test.
- B. He told me that I couldn't do this test.
- C. He said to me that he couldn't do this test.
- D. He said to me that he couldn't do that test.

#### 8. Although the traffic was bad yesterday, I arrived at the meeting on time.

- A. So bad was the traffic yesterday that I arrived at the meeting on time.
- B. Because the traffic was bad yesterday, I arrived at the meeting on time.
- C. In spite of the traffic was bad yesterday, I arrived at the meeting on time.
- D. Despite the bad traffic yesterday, I arrived at the meeting on time.
- 9. We started to write to each other three years ago.
- A. We used to write to each other for three years.
- B. We have written to each other for three years.
- C. We wrote to each other since three years.
- D. We used to write to each other in three years.

#### 10. This flat is too small for my family.

- A. This flat is not enough big for my family.
- B. This flat is not big enough for my family.
- C. This flat is not very big for my family.
- D. This flat is not rather big for my family.

#### 11. To find/ finding a house in this city is difficult.

- A. It's impossible to buy a house in this city.
- B. It's difficult to find a house in this city.
- C. It's very difficult to build a house in this city.
- D. It costs a lot to rent a house in this city.

#### 12. "If I were you, I would raise money for the poor," I said to Thomas

- A. I said Thomas to raise money for the poor.
- B. I asked Thomas why he doesn't raise money for the poor.
- C. I asked Thomas why he didn't raise money for the poor.
- D. I advised Thomas to raise money for the poor.

#### 13. "You needn't come in tomorrow", the boss said.

- A. The boss said I needn't come in tomorrow.
- B. The boss said you needn't come in the next day.
- C. The boss said I didn't have to come in tomorrow.
- D. The boss said I needn't come in the next day.

#### 14 "If you pass your test, I'll buy you a car", he said.

- A. He said that If I pass my test, he'll buy me a car.
- B. He said that If you pass your test, he would buy you a car.
- C. He said that If I passed my test, he would buy me a car.
- D. He said that If I had pass my test, he would have bought me a car.

#### 15."What do you do in your spare time?" she asked.

- A. She wanted to know what I do in my spare time.
- B. She wanted to know what I did in my spare time.
- C. She wanted to know what did I do in my spare time.
- D. She wanted to know what do I do in my spare time.

#### 16. I can't understand him because he speaks so quickly.

A. If he spoke so quickly, I'd understand him.

- B. If he speaks so quickly, I can understand him.
- C. If he didn't speak so quickly, I'd understand him.
- D. If he didn't speak so quickly, I understood him.

#### 17. I regret going to bed so late last night.

- A. I wish I hadn't gone to bed so late last night.
- B. I wish I had gone to bed so late last night.
- C. I wish I went to bed so late last night.
- D. I wish I didn't go to bed so late last night.

#### 18. We did not visit the museum because we had no time.

- A. If we have time, we will visit the museum.
- B. If we had time, we would visit the museum.
- C. If we had had time, we would have visited the museum.
- D. If we had had time, we will visit the museum.

#### 19. I/ wish/ I/ afford/ go/ holiday.

- A. I wish I can afford go holiday.
- B. I wish I could afford go to on holiday.
- C. I wish I could afford to go on holiday.
- D. I wish I can afford to go on holiday.

#### 20. My brother and I went to that school.

- A. I went to that school and my brother, too.
- B. I went to that school and so my brother did.
- C. I went to that school and so did my brother.
- D. I went to that school and so my brother did, too.

#### 21. He could not afford to buy the car.

- A. He couldn't buy the car because it was too expensive.
- B. He bought the car because it was expensive.
- C. He bought the car though it was expensive.
- D. He had enough money but he didn't buy the car.

#### 22."Let's go on a walking today?", said Jane

- A. Jane suggested going on a walking today.
- B. Jane wanted us to going on a walking today.
- C. Jane suggested to go on a walking today.
- D. Jane allow us to go on a walking today.

#### 23. "I'm sorry I have to leave so early" he said

- A. He apologized for having to leave early
- B. He apologize that he has to leave early
- C. He apologizes for having to leave early
- D. He apologize of having to leave early

#### 24. I haven't eaten this kind of food before.

- A. This is the first time I've eaten this kind of food.
- B. I haven't eaten this kind of food already.
- C. This is the first kind of food I have eaten.
- D. Even before I have not eaten this kind of food.

#### 25. If you are not careful, you will cut yourself with that knife.

- A. Unless you are careful, you will cut yourself with that knife.
- B. If you are careful, you will cut yourself with that knife.
- C. Unless you are not careful, you will cut yourself with that knife.
- D. Unless you were careful, you will cut yourself with that knife.

#### 26. Because he doesn't leave immediately, I call a policeman.

A. If he left immediately, I wouldn't call a policeman.

- B. If he leaves immediately, I won't call a policeman.
- C. Unless he leaves immediately, I will call a policeman.
- D. Unless he doesn't immediately, I won't call a policeman.

#### 27. They are building a new high way around the city.

- A. A new high way is being built around the city.
- B. A new high way is been built around thecity.
- C. A new high way around the city is being built.
- D. A new high way is being built.

#### 28. They didn't offer Ann the job.

- A. Ann wasn't offered the job.
- B. The job wasn't offered Ann by them.
- C. Ann wasn't offered them the job.
- D. Ann was offered the job by them.

#### 29. He started learning French six years ago.

- A. He has learned French for six years.
- B. It was six years ago did he start learning French.
- C. He hasn't learnt French for six years.
- D. It is six years since he has learnt French.

#### 30. People believed he won a lot of money on the lottery.

- A. He is believed that he won a lot of money on the lottery.
- B. He won a lot of money on the lottery, it is believed.
- C. He is believed to have won a lot of money on the lottery.
- D. He was believed to win a lot of money on the lottery.

#### 31. "Why don't you get your hair cut, Gavin?" Said Adam.

- A. Adam advised Gavin to cut his hair.
- B. Gavin was suggested to have a hair cut.
- C. It was suggested that Adam get Gavin's hair cut.
- D. Adam suggested that Gavin should have his hair cut.

#### 32. Because they made too many mistakes, they failed in the exam

- A. They made very many mistakes that they failed in the exam
- B. They made too many mistake for them to fail in the exam
- C. They made so many mistakes that they failed in the exam
- D. They made such many mistakes that they failed in the exam

#### 33. It took Jane three hours to sort out her stamps.

- A. Jane spent three hours to sort out her stamps.
- B. Jane sorted out her stamps in three hours.
- C. Jane spent on three hours sorting her stamps.
- D. Jane took three hours to sort out her stamps.

#### 34. This is the first time his children have tried Japanese cuisine

- A. His children tried Japanese cuisine at first.
- B. His children last tried Japanese cuisine a long time ago.
- C. His children tried Japanese cuisine before.
- D. His children have never tried Japanese cuisine before.

#### 35. This man studies biology. What do you call him?

- A. What do you call a man who studies biology?
- B. What do you call a man, who studies biology?
- C. What do you call a man studies biology?
- D. What do you call a man whom studies biology?

#### 36. Lee talks to people more politely than Ben.

A. Ben doesn't talk to people as politely as Lee.

- B. Ben doesn't talk to people politely as Lee.
- C. Ben doesn't talk to people more politely than Lee.
- D. Ben doesn't talk to people less politely than Lee.

#### 37. I have never read a better book than I have ever read.

- A. This book is a good book I have ever read.
- B. This is the best book I have ever read.
- C. This book is as good as the one I have ever read.
- D. The book I have ever read isn't better than this one.

#### 38. No student in my class can run as fast as Jack.

- A. Jack is faster than no student in my class.
- B. Jack is the fastest runner in my class.
- C. All students in my class don't run faster than Jack.
- D. No student in my class runs fast as Jack.

#### 39. Despite/ have/ lot/ difficulties/ she/ managed/ buy/ a new house

- A. Despite having a lot of difficulties, she managed to buy a new house.
- B. In spite she had a lot of difficulties, she managed to buy a new house
- C. Although having a lot of difficulties, she managed to buy a new house.
- D. Despite of having a lot of difficulties, she managed to buy a new house.

#### 40. David Beckham/ play/ Manchester United

- A. David Beckham used to plays for Manchester United
- B. David Beckham didn't used to play for Manchester United.
- C. David Beckham use to play for Manchester United.
- D. David Beckham used to play for Manchester United.

#### II. READING

# Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks.

Jeans are very popular w	ith (1)	people all o	ver the world. Some
People say that jeans are the	"uniform" of	youth. But they	haven't always been
popular.			
The story of jeans (2)	almost tw	o hundred years	s ago. People in Genoa,
Italy made pants. The cloth r	nade in Genoa	was (3)	"jeanos". The pants
were called "jeans". In 1850.			
canvas. His name was Levi S	Strauss. Becau	se they were so	strong, "Levi's pants"
became (4) with §	gold miners, fa	nners and cowb	oys. Six years later
Levis began making his pant	s with blue co	tton cloth called	denim. Soon after,
factory (5) in the	US and Europ	e began wearing	g jeans. Young people
usually didn't wear them.	_	_	
Question 1: A. rich	B. old	C. young	D. poor
Question 2: A. start B. star	rts C. wa	as startingD. sta	rted
Question 3: A. call	B. callsC. ca	lling	D. called
Question 4: A. famous	B. popular	C. good	D. wonderful
Question 5: A. workers	B. drivers	C. cowboys	D. fanners
II Pood the following pass		•	

## II. Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B or C on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions.

Smoking causes lung cancer, which is the number one cancer among men. Ninety percent of the people who get lung cancer die. Smoking is also the leading cause of mouth cancer, tongue cancer, and throat cancer. Many smokers have heart disease arid pneumonia. Smoking causes one million early deaths in the world every year.

Smokers not only harm themselves but also harm others. Smokers breathe smoke out into the air. They breathe it out on their children and their wives or husbands. Children whose parents smoke have more breathing and lung problems than other children. Women who are married to smokers are more likely to have lung cancer than those married to non- smokers.

We are all aware that smoking is bad. So why do people smoke?
Question 1: The number one cancer among men is
A. tongue cancer B. throat cancer C. lung cancer D. mouth cancer
Question 2: The main cause of mouth cancer, tongue cancer and throat cancer is
A. drinking B. overeating C. breathing D. smoking
Question 3: Every year, smoking causes about one million
A. cancer patients B. killing diseases C. early deaths D. injured men
Question 4: The word "it" in the passage refers to
A. cancer B. smoke C. air D. breath
Question 5: Who are more likely to have lung cancer and lung problems?
A. People who live in the city. B. Who live with smokes.
C. People who live with non-smokers. D. People who live in the country.

#### Homework

#### III. WRITING. Choose the sentence that has similar meaning to the first sentence.

# 1. Although Jimmy was stronger of the two, his attacker soon overpowered him.

- A. Despite his superior strength, Jimmy was soon overpowered by his attacker.
- B. Despite his superior strength, Jimmy soon overpowered by his attacker.
- C. Despite of his superior strength, Jimmy was soon overpowered by his attacker.
- D. In spite his superior strength, Jimmy was soon overpowered by his attacker.

#### 2. Follow these safety instructions or you may get burnt.

- A. Unless you don't follow these safety instructions, you may get burnt.
- B. Unless you follow these safety instructions, you may not get burnt.
- C. If you don't follow these safety instructions, you may get burnt.
- D. If you don't follow these safety instructions, you may not get burnt.

#### 3. I suggest having spaghetti and pizza tonight.

- A. Let's have spaghetti and pizza tonight.
- B. Why don't we having spaghetti and pizza tonight.
- C. How about have spaghetti and pizza tonight.
- D. I want us to have spaghetti and pizza tonight.

#### 4. My aunt has never tasted sushi before.

- A. This is the first time for my aunt to have ever tasted sushi.
- B. This is the first time my aunt has ever tasted sushi.
- C. This has been the first time that my aunt tasted sushi.
- D. This has been the first time that my aunt has ever tasted sushi.

#### 5. You need to peel the onion and slice it.

- A. The onion needs be peeled and sliced.
- B. The onion needs being peeled and sliced.
- C. The onion needs to peel and slice.
- D. The onion needs to be peeled and sliced.

#### 6. Eating healthy foods is very important.

- A. It is very important of eat healthy foods.
- B. It is very important to eat healthy foods.
- C. It is very important that eating healthy foods.
- D. It is very important for eating healthy foods.

#### 7. No-one has challenged his authority before.

- A. This is the first time that someone challenged his authority.
- B. This has been the first time that someone has challenged his authority.
- C. This is the first time that someone has challenged his authority.
- D. This has been the first time that someone challenged his authority.

#### 8. "If I were you, I wouldn't select him for the team!, said the manager.

- A. The manager advised me not to select him for the team.
- B. The manager advised me to select him for the team.
- C. The manager advised me not select him for the team.
- D. The manager advised me to not select him for the team.

#### 9. This man studies biology. What do you call him?

- A. What do you call a man who studies biology?
- B. What do you call a man, who studies biology?
- C. What do you call a man studies biology?
- D. What do you call a man whom studies biology?

#### 10. This is the battle field. The soldiers fought there.

- A. This is the battle field which the soldiers fought.
- B. This is the battle field that the soldiers fought.
- C. This is the battle field where the soldiers fought there.
- D. This is the battle field where the soldiers fought.

#### 11. David Beckham/ play/ Manchester United

- A. David Beckham used to play for Manchester United.
- B. David Beckham use to play for Manchester United.
- C. David Beckham used to plays for Manchester United
- D. David Beckham didn't used to play for Manchester United.

#### 12. I/ wish/ I/ afford/ go/ holiday.

- A. I wish I could afford go on holiday.
- B. I wish that I could afford to go on holiday.
- C. I wish that I could afford go holiday.
- D. I wish I can afford to go on holiday.

#### 13. Mr Brown/ believe/ own/ lot/ land/ the north.

- A. Mr Brown is believe to own a lot of land in the north.
- B. Mr Brown is believed own a lot of land in the north.
- C. Mr Brown is believed to own a lot of land in the north.
- D. Mr Brown is believed to own a lots of land in the north.

#### 14. He/ suggested/ I/ intensive English course

- A. He suggested that I should take an intensive English course.
- B. He suggested that I took an intensive English course.
- C. He suggested me that I must take an intensive English course.
- D. He suggested I taking an intensive English course.

TTCM BGH xác nhận

Vũ Thị Phượng Tạ Thúy Hà